

# Exercises: Validation

- 1.** Go to *any* previous set of exercises where you created at least one textfield. Add the `required` and `requiredMessage` attributes, and put `<h:messages/>` at the top of the form (but inside `h:form`). Test it by submitting the form with the field being empty. That's it! In 2 minutes you added simple validation to a form, with error messages at the top. Next, give the textfield an id, and put `<h:message for="theId"/>` next to the field. Again, test it by submitting the form with the field being empty. That's it! In 2 minutes more, you added simple validation to a form, with error messages next to the field.
- 2.** Now, for the rest of the exercises, make a new project. Give it a form that lets employees register for some service. Use bean property types and the “required” attribute to enforce the following:
  - First name: required
  - Middle name: optional
  - Last name: required
  - Employee ID: required
  - Building number: whole numberIf something goes wrong, display a list of error messages at the top of the form. If everything is OK, display a confirmation page.
- 3.** Copy/redo the form from the previous problem, but this time display the error message right after the field that had the incorrect value.
- 4.** Copy the form from the previous problem, but this time enforce stricter rules:
  - First name: at least two letters
  - Middle name: optional
  - Last name: at least three letters
  - Employee ID: a lowercase letter followed by four numbers. If you know regular expressions in Java, enforce the whole pattern. If you don't, just enforce that it is exactly five characters long.
  - Building number: whole number from 1 to 50
- 5.** Buildings 3, 17, and 41 fell down in an earthquake and are no longer available. Make a custom validator method that enforces this. Note that you should not mix `<f:validateBlah>` tags with a custom validator method for the same input field.